CALIFORNIA HORSE RACING BOARD TITLE 4. CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS DIVISION 4. CALIFORNIA HORSE RACING BOARD ARTICLE 15. VETERINARY PRACTICES PROPOSED AMENDMENT OF RULE 1846.5, POSTMORTEM EXAMINATION

1846.5. Postmortem Examination.

- (a) The following shall be required to undergo a postmortem examination at a diagnostic laboratory which is under contract with the Board in order to determine the injury or sickness which resulted in euthanasia or natural death:
- (1) Every horse which suffers a fatal injury on the racetrack in training or in competition;
- (2) Every horse, or which dies or is euthanized within an area under the jurisdiction of the Board; and
- (3) Every horse which dies or is euthanized in California within 72 hours of leaving a facility under the jurisdiction of the Board., shall undergo a postmortem examination at a diagnostic laboratory which is under contract with the Board to determine the injury or sickness which resulted in euthanasia or natural death.
- (b) Test samples may be obtained from the carcass upon which the postmortem examination is to be conducted and sent to the diagnostic laboratory for testing for foreign substances or their metabolites, and natural substances at abnormal levels. When practical, test samples shall be procured prior to euthanasia.
- (c) The costs associated with transportation to the diagnostic laboratory of any horse which has died under the provisions of subparagraph (a) shall be the responsibility of the racing association conducting the meeting where the death occurred or the training center or racetrack where death occurred when no meeting is in progress. In the case of a horse which dies or is euthanized in California within 72 hours of leaving a facility under the jurisdiction of the Board, the costs associated with transportation to the diagnostic laboratory shall be the responsibility of the racing association or training facility where the horse last resided. The services of the official veterinarian and the laboratory testing of postmortem samples for standard necropsy and special equine necropsy examinations shall be made available by the Board without charge to the owner. The cost of any additional necropsy examination(s) requested by the owner or trainer are the responsibility of the requesting individual.
- (d) Requests for each postmortem shall be filed with the official veterinarian by the owner's or trainer's veterinarian within one hour of the death and shall be submitted on a Necropsy Submission Form, CHRB-72, (Rev. 6/04), hereby incorporated by reference, and which is available at all official veterinarian offices. The trainer is co-responsible to supply all information to complete CHRB-72. In the case of a horse which dies or is euthanized in California within 72 hours of leaving a facility under the jurisdiction of the Board, a request for postmortem shall be filed with the official veterinarian within one hour of the death and the request shall be submitted on CHRB-72 which is available at all official veterinarian offices. The trainer is the absolute insurer of the horse and responsible for the timely submission of CHRB-72 to the extent that the trainer exercised care and control at the time of death. The owner of the horse is the joint-absolute insurer and is equally responsible for ensuring CHRB-72 is filed.
- (e) If the official veterinarian is not available, the owner's or trainer's veterinarian must phone the diagnostic laboratory within one hour of the death and fax or email CHRB-72 to the laboratory as

notification that the horse is due for necropsy. On the official veterinarian's next scheduled work day, the owner's or trainer's veterinarian shall give the original CHRB-72 to the official veterinarian. In the case of a horse which dies or is euthanized in California within 72 hours of leaving a facility under the jurisdiction of the Board, the owner or trainer must phone the diagnostic laboratory within one hour of death and fax or email CHRB-72 to the laboratory as notification that the horse is due for necropsy. On the official veterinarian's next scheduled work day of the racing association or training facility where the horse last resided, the owner or trainer shall give the original CHRB-72 to the official veterinarian.

- (f) The racing association, racetrack or training center will notify the transporter within one hour of death to have the horse conveyed to the designated laboratory for necropsy.
- (g) Upon completion of the postmortem examination the diagnostic laboratory shall file a written report with the Executive Director, the Equine Medical Director and the official veterinarian.
- (h) Each owner and trainer accepts responsibility for the postmortem examination provided herein as a requisite for maintaining an occupational license.

Authority: Section 19440, Business and Professions Code. Reference: Section 19444(c), Business and Professions Code.

CALIFORNIA HORSE RACING BOARD TITLE 4. CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS DIVISION 4. CALIFORNIA HORSE RACING BOARD ARTICLE 15. VETERINARY PRACTICES PROPOSED AMENDMENT OF RULE 1846.6, POSTMORTEM EXAMINATION REVIEW

1846.6. Postmortem Examination Review.

- (a) The Board shall conduct a postmortem examination review to determine the circumstances of each equine fatality within a California Horse Racing Board (CHRB) inclosure and each equine fatality in California within 72 hours of leaving a CHRB inclosure.
- (b) The postmortem examination review shall be conducted by a member of the board of stewards, a safety steward and the Equine Medical Director or an official veterinarian designated by the Executive Director and Equine Medical Director.
- (c) The trainer of the expired horse will be required to appear before the postmortem examination review panel. Additional licensees may also be required to appear at the discretion of the postmortem examination review panel.
- (d) The trainer shall make available at the postmortem examination review the training records for the expired horse, which shall include exercise, medication and shoeing histories for a minimum of 60 days prior to the date of death of the horse.
- (e) All CHRB licensed veterinarians attending or treating a horse having died within a CHRB inclosure or in California within 72 hours of leaving a CHRB inclosure shall make available at the postmortem examination review a summary medical record covering a minimum of 60 days prior to the date of death of the horse, or longer if requested by the postmortem review panel. The summary medical record shall include:
- (1) A history or pertinent information as it pertains to the horse's medical status, including an interpretation of all diagnostic imaging and laboratory findings.
- (2) Data, including that obtained by instrumentation, from the physical examination.
- (3) Treatment and intended treatment plan, including medications, dosage and frequency of use.
- (4) All medications and treatments prescribed and dispensed, including strength, dosage, route of administration, quantity, and frequency of use.
- (5) Daily progress and disposition of the case.
- (6) Copies of laboratory data, if requested by the postmortem review panel.
- (7) Copies of diagnostic images including but not limited to radiographs, ultrasounds and nuclear scintigraphies, if requested by the postmortem review panel.
- (f) The equine medical records described in €(6) and (7) of this regulation are the property of the veterinary facility that originally ordered them to be prepared and require the authorization of the client before the records can be released.

(g) Upon completion of the postmortem examination review, the postmortem examination review panel shall file a written report with the Executive Director and the owner and trainer of the expired horse.

Authority: Section 19440, Business and Professions Code.

Reference: Sections 19435 and 19444, Business and Professions Code.